

Consumer Goods

LeasePlan International Consultancy Services





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In this Consumer Goods industry benchmark report, the most important fleet trends in Europe are highlighted, by comparing the passenger car registrations between 2020 and 2022.

The following definition of the Consumer Goods industry has been applied: *Companies developing or selling consumer products* (FMCGs, retailers, etc).

This analysis of fleet trends is based on LeasePlan passenger car data from over 200 international companies. For the scope and to make sure the data is representative, we've only included countries where at least 100 passenger cars were renewed within the industry each year (2020, 2021 and 2022).

If you would like to know how sustainable this industry compared to other industries please check out our Sustainable Industry Fleet Ranking 2022.

Key findings



The C1 segment is still the most popular segment in the Consumer Goods industry. However, a D1 vehicle, the Volkswagen Passat, has retaken the position as most popular car model in 2022.



As for fuel types, the switch from diesel to other fuel types is clear with a decrease of 32 p.p.* from 2020 to 2022. The share of hybrid has increased the most with an increase of 13 p.p.



There are big differences per country when it comes to the share of diesel cars in fleet. In the Netherlands only 3% of vehicles were registered as diesel, while this is still +70% in Germany, Spain and the Czech Republic.



Between 2020 and 2022, average $\rm CO_2$ emissions decreased by 14.6 g/km to 102.2 g/km. Sweden is leading this trend with average $\rm CO_2$ emissions of 36.6 g/km.

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The C1 segment remains the most popular car segment

Most driven car segments*, 2020-2022

	2020		202	2021		2022	
1	C1	26%	C1	22%	C1	25%	
2	D1	14%	D1	14%	SUV-D1	13%	
3	SUV-C1	10%	SUV-D1	13%	D1	12%	
4	SUV-D1	9%	D2	11%	SUV-C1	10%	
5	D2	9%	SUV-C1	9%	D2	9%	
6	MPV-C	5%	SUV-C2	6%	B1	7%	
7	SUV-D2	5%	SUV-D2	5%	SUV-C2	5%	
8	SUV-C2	5%	E2	4%	SUV-D2	4%	
9	B1	5%	SUV-B1	4%	E2	3%	
10	SUV-B1	4%	MPV-C	3%	SUV-B1	3%	

Most popular car segment in 2022:



* For more information on car segments, please see Appendix A

The SUV-trend continues but seemed to have stabilised as the combined share in the top ten in 2020 was 29%, in 2021 37% and 35% in 2022.

The largest gaining car segment is the **SUV-D1 segment**, going from 9% in 2020 to 13% in 2022.

The MPV-C segment has seen the largest decrease in share going from 6th place in 2020 with a share of 5% to 2% in 2022 and outside the top 10.

The Volkswagen Passat has retaken the top spot as the most popular car

Most driven cars*, 2020-2022

	2020	2021	2022
1	Volkswagen Passat	Toyota Corolla	Volkswagen Passat
2	Peugeot 308	Skoda Octavia	BMW 3 Series
3	Skoda Octavia	BMW 3 Series	Ford Kuga
4	Toyota Corolla	Ford Mondeo	Toyota YARIS
5	Ford Focus	Skoda Suberb	Peugeot 3008
6	Volkswagen Tiguan	Peugeot 3008	Toyota C-HR
7	Peugeot 3008	Volkswagen Passat	Skoda Suberb
8	Skoda Suberb	Ford Kuga	Ford Mondeo
9	BMW 3 Series	Peugeot 2008	BMW 5 Series
10	Volkswagen Golf	Ford Focus	Ford Focus

Most popular car in 2022:

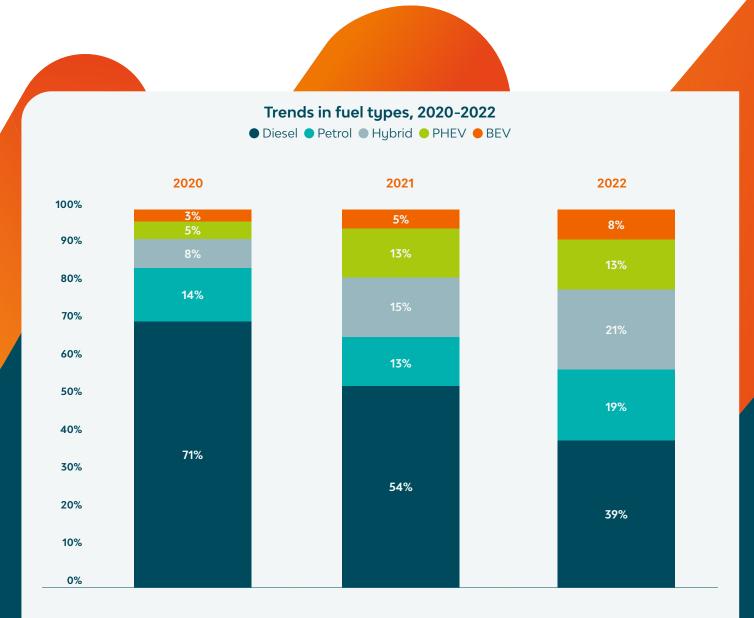


The **BMW 3 series** has now become the second most popular car model, moving up from 9th place in 2020.

The **Peugeot 308** has dropped significantly in popularity, moving from second place in 2020 to outside the top 10 in 2022.

Ford has seen an increase in popularity with three cars in the top 10 in 2022 compared to just 1 in 2020.

The share of diesel in fleet has declined sharply since 2020, from 71% share to 39%



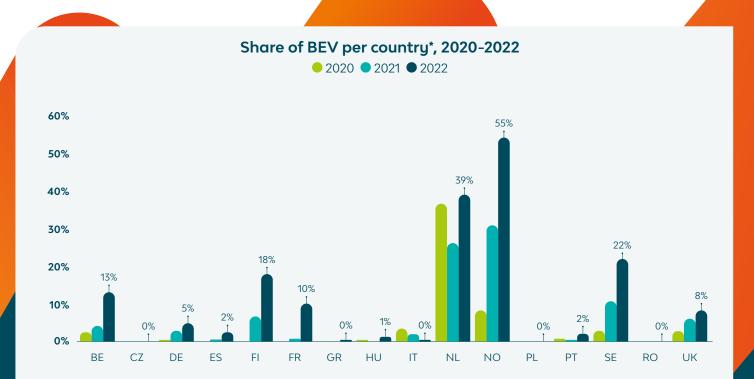
While diesel has declined since 2020, the share of petrol has increased by **5 p.p.***

The hybrid share has increased by **13 p.p.** since **2020**, now a more popular fuel type than petrol.

The PHEV has increased **8 p.p.** but stabilised compared to 2021.

The share of BEV has increased by **5 p.p. since 2020**

Norway has seen huge increases in the share of battery electric vehicles in fleet, going from less than 10% share in 2020 to 55% in 2022



The share of BEVs in **The Netherlands** decreased in 2021 but increased again in 2022 to 39% fleet share, slightly higher than 2020.

Finland, Norway and **Sweden** have seen significant increases in the share of BEVs over the past two years.

France is showing a promising trend, increasing its BEV share by 10 p.p. in 2022.

The share of plug-in hybrid vehicles in fleet has declined over the past year in most countries

Share of PHEV per country*, 2020-2022 ■ 2020 ■ 2021 ■ 2022 80% 65% 60% 28% 40% 27% 18% 20% HU BE CZ DE ES FR GR ΙT NL PL RO SE UK

Share of hybrid per country*, 2020-2022 ● 2020 ● 2021 ● 2022



Sweden has the largest PHEV share with 65% in 2022, however it declined compared to 2021.

Italy has the second-largest hybrid share with 49%.

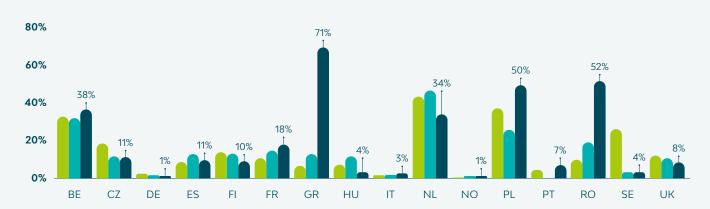
Hungary, has the highest share of hybrids in fleet at 68%.

*Only countries are shown here with at least 100 renewals each year to ensure a representative sample size

The shift away from diesel is seen in every country except for Spain

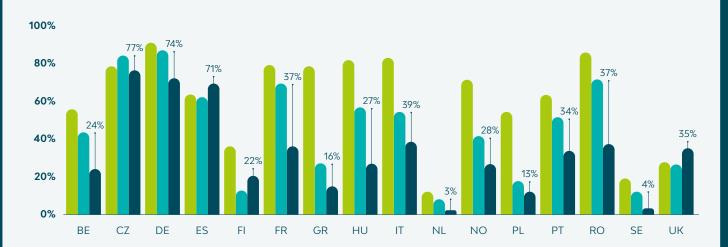
Share of petrol per country* 2020-2022

● 2020 **●** 2021 **●** 2022



Share of diesel per country*, 2020-2022

○ 2020 **○** 2021 **○** 2022



Greece has the largest share of petrol, 71% in 2022.

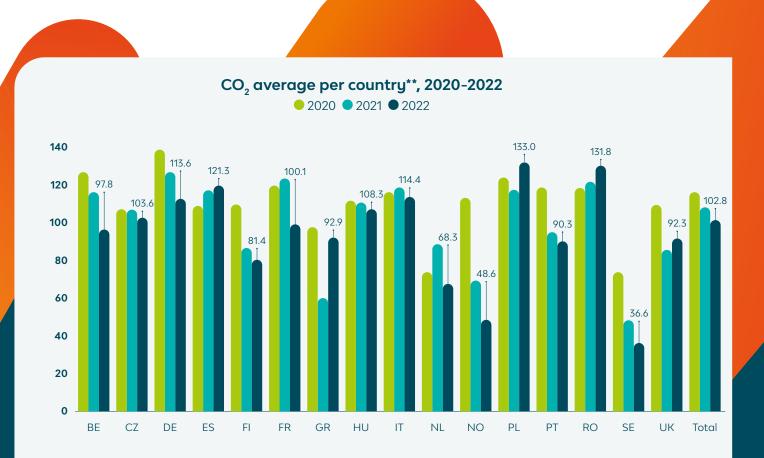
Greece has the largest share of petrol cars in fleet and has had the largest increase in petrol cars over the past year.

The Netherlands has the lowest share of diesel with only 3% in 2022.

Greece has seen the largest drop in diesel, moving from 80% in 2020 to 16% in 2022.

*Only countries are shown here with at least 100 renewals each year to ensure a representative sample size

In 2022 average CO₂ emissions in the Consumer Goods were 102.8 g/km



The average CO_2 emissions in grams per km has decreased by **14.6 g/km since 2020 to 102.8 g/km.**

At 36.6 g/km, Sweden has the lowest average CO₂ emissions.

Poland has the highest average CO₂ emissions at 133.0 g/km.

Only Poland, Spain and Romania saw an increase in CO₂ emissions average, while all other countries saw a decrease.

^{*}Based on the car manufacturer (OEM) reported CO₂

^{**}Only countries are shown here with at least 100 renewals each year to ensure representative statistics

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Appendix A: Segmentation - Overview

The letter indicates the dimensions of the vehicle; **C** being smaller than **E**. The number indicates the quality level of a brand; **1** being a **'volume brand'** and **2** being **'premium brand'**.



