Leasing vs. reimbursement

Weighing the pros and cons of each

		Leasing	Reimbursement
	Human Resources	+ Recruitment tool	Can be a hiring disadvantage
100 A	Company Image	 Allows for greater control over company image 	Limited control over what car and in what condition the employee drives
April 15	Tax Implications	 Lessor is responsible for staying in compliance with applicable tax laws 	Tax consequences with reimbursement programs vary by which method is chosen
	Maintenance	 Lower maintenance and repair costs through purchasing power Can easily be managed by leasing company 	 Easier for employees to put off necessary maintenance, increasing the likelihood of vehicle breakdowns
	Safety	+ Company vehicles stay on a regular maintenance schedule to keep vehicles in safe working condition	 Company has less control over vehicle maintenance Employee vehicles may lack newer safety technologies
	Insurance	Company can provide proper insurance to cover all vehicles	 Requirements for insurance difficult for a company to monitor and maintain More risk of drivers being underinsured
	Liability	Company can control factors that can lead to liability exposure, such as maintenance or distracted driving	 More difficult to enforce driver policies with personal vehicles Company can still be dragged into lawsuits when an accident occurs
	Expense Reporting	Transparency over miles traveled is increased, while expense reports for mileage reimbursement are not needed	 Company has to process expense reports from drivers Employees can exaggerate business mileage to increase their financial gain